Bryan Faussett: Antiquary Extraordinary

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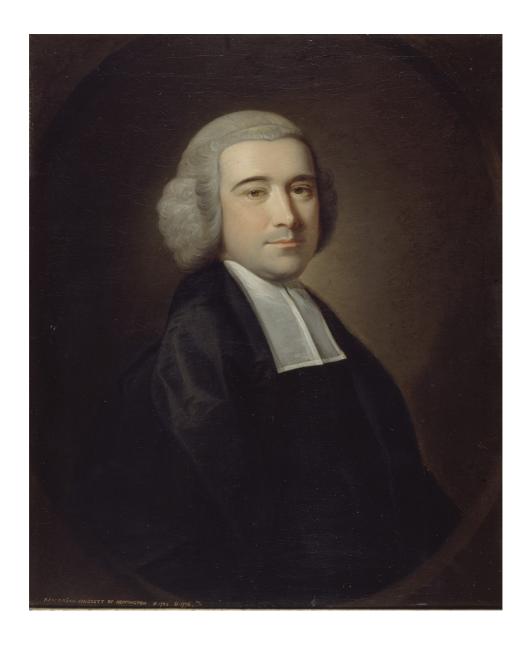
Cover illustration: Jewelled brooches from the Faussett collection: Plate II of *Inventorium Sepulchrale* engraved by Frederick William Fairholt. One of the most exquisite illustrations in any English book.

(Courtesy of The Society of Antiquaries, London).

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Bryan Faussett painted in 1758 by Thomas Hudson. The appellation of 'the handsome commoner' is easy to see. (Courtesy of National Museums Liverpool (World Museum))

Contents

List of Figu	ıres	iii
Abbreviatio	V	
Foreword	V11	
Introductio	V111	
Bryan Faus	sett – A Chronology	X
Chapter 1:	Godfreys and Faussetts	1
Chapter 2:	A World of Antiquarianism	22
Chapter 3:	Birth, Education and Marriage	39
Chapter 4:	Siblings, Curacies and Scholarship	56
Chapter 5:	The First Two Campaigns	76
Chapter 6:	A Scholar and his Friends	88
Chapter 7:	A Vicar at Last	101
Chapter 8:	The Summit of a Career	114
Chapter 9:	Three More Campaigns	130
Chapter 10:	Final Excavations	148
Chapter 11:	: A Gentleman's House and Home	160
Chapter 12:	: A Society Reborn	181
Chapter 13:	Three Pioneers	192
Chapter 14:	From Heppington to Liverpool	210
Chapter 15:	Publication and Adulation	231
Chapter 16:	Anglo-Saxon Death and Burial	250
Chapter 17:	Treasures Indeed	258
Chapter 18:	The Descent of Genes	276
Biographies	3	297
Bibliograph		310
General Inc	319	

List of Figures

	issett painted in 1/58 by Thomas Hudson	
Figure 1.	The Faussett Excavation Sites.	
Figure 2.	The maternal ancestry of Bryan Faussett.	2
Figure 3.	Thomas Godfrey (1553-1623).	
Figure 4	Elizabeth Godfrey née Allard (1556-1635)	5
Figure 5	Dorothy Godfrey (1583-1655)	
Figure 6	Sir Thomas Godfrey (1640-1690)	5
Figure 7	The paternal ancestry of Bryan Faussett.	8
Figure 8	The ledger-stone of Bryan Faussett, senior	20
Figure 9	Early mathematical exercises by Bryan Faussett	41
	Faussett's genealogical notes on the Turner family	
Figure 11	Faussett's heraldic notes on Tremworth manor house	65
Figure 12	Faussett's construction of the Toke pedigree.	68
Figure 13	Sketch-map of Faussett's coverage of monumental inscriptions	71
Figure 14	Tremworth Down, Crundale, from the south	77
Figure 15	Westward view from Tremworth Down to the manor house.	77
	Monks Horton church	
Figure 17	Nackington church	103
	A reconstruction of Kingston grave 205.	
	Faussett's sketch and description of the Kingston brooch.	
	The Kingston Brooch, c. AD 610-20.	
	Herdman's watercolour of the Kingston brooch.	
	Published plate of the Kingston brooch.	
	The ledger-stone of Bryan Faussett, antiquary.	
	Nackington church drawn by Bryan Faussett	
	Old Heppington House.	
	The Faussett garden pavilion.	
	One of the garden pavilion inscriptions.	
	Heppington House garden scene.	
	Heppington House garden front	
	Heppington House 1947 sale catalogue	
	Charles Roach Smith	
	Fairholt's invoice to Mayer for illustrating the Inventorium Sepulchrale	
	Portrait of Joseph Mayer.	
	Unpublished sketches of buckles and brooches	
	Herdman's watercolours of buckles.	
Figure 36	Unpublished sketches of shells, buckles, fibulae and ornaments.	263
	Herdman's watercolours of jewelled brooches	
	Pendant ornaments Plate IV of Inventorium Sepulchrale engraved by Fairholt	
	Herdman's watercolours of pendant ornaments	
	Fairholt's engravings of pendant ornaments.	
	Unpublished sketches of flasks, dishes and pots.	
	The descent of Bryan Faussett, son of the antiquary	
	The family of Elizabeth Faussett, daughter of the antiquary	

Abbreviations employed in the text

Arch. Cant. Archaeologia Cantiana

BAA British Archaeological Association
CCA/L Canterbury Cathedral Archives/Library

FRS Fellow of the Royal Society

FSA Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries

Inv. Sep. Inventorium Sepulchrale

KHLC Kent History and Library Centre

MS(S) Manuscript(s)

TNA The National Archives



Foreword

Work on this book started seven years ago and brought the usual predictably unpredictable journey through archives and libraries and meetings with all kinds of people, some tangential, some highly germane to my task. In 2007 I visited the tercentenary exhibition at Burlington House in celebration of the founding of the Society of Antiquaries, and there saw in a glass case a selection of Bryan Faussett's beautiful Anglo-Saxon gold brooches and other artefacts. I needed to look no further for the subject of a biography. However, if you look in the *Oxford Dictionary of National Biography* you will find a rather short entry about him, so short in fact that I immediately wondered whether I would find enough to write about, but, as Cicero said, the beginnings of all things are small. Undaunted, I made a start and enjoyed that pleasurable journey of one setting out to gather whatever he can find from any quarter, no matter where it might lead – in this case to sitting in a draughty barn at Harty on the Isle of Sheppey balancing several of Bryan Faussett's household account books on a rickety table whilst I made notes.

It is my pleasure to record thanks to the following: firstly to Seamus Cullen for his discernment and encouragement in my putting pen to paper. Mr Ashley Cooke made me welcome at the Liverpool World Museum and put his entire corpus of files, knowledge and Faussett artefacts at my disposal. Equally valuable were the continued assistance and hospitality of the library staff of the Society of Antiquaries during my examination of the Faussett manuscripts and a great deal of reading and other investigations. Colleagues at the Canterbury and Maidstone archives extended to me their usual courteous and unstinting help, and Mr Duncan Harrington FSA, Mr Christopher Miller, Mr John Owen FSA, and Mr Michael Rhodes also supplied useful information.

Especial thanks go to Mr David Godfrey-Faussett, Mr Richard Godfrey-Faussett and Mr Tom Godfrey-Faussett, each of whom was invaluable in setting before me portions of the family archives. As far as I know, I am the first to have been accorded this privilege, and the results are amply evidenced throughout the book. All quotations and extracts not specifically acknowledged in the text are taken from this archive.

Finally, I gratefully acknowledge an award by the Allen Grove Local History Fund of the Kent Archaeological Society and a grant from the Canterbury Archaeological Society towards the costs of research and publication.

Introduction

For the biographer a life of Bryan Faussett as a Kentish clergyman would be moderately interesting; as a genealogist and heraldist more so; as an antiquary and pioneering archaeologist almost compelling; but when all three are combined his cup fairly runs over. To this might be added the personal excitement of the writer knowing all the churches that Faussett visited, the lanes and tracks he must have walked, and the parish where he lived. And yet more: to handle some of the artefacts that he excavated, and to turn the pages of his daily account books and sumptuous genealogical manuscripts truly brings the quarry alive – and almost literally, for there are today legion descendants to perpetuate their industrious ancestor's memory.

We are lucky indeed that Charles Roach Smith put into print Faussett's six archaeological notebooks as the *Inventorium Sepulchrale*; no longer did they lie hidden along with the collections of coins, jewels and so many other artefacts in the study at Heppington, but were published for the world to begin to learn something of an extraordinary life and its dedication to investigating the (if only he had known) Anglo-Saxon centuries of English history. The *Inventorium* breathes Faussett as he describes the losses and the disappointments, the excitements and the triumphs of excavating over 770 barrows dotted about the landscape of east Kent; his narrative takes us with him over nearly two decades as he plans his sites, assembles his workforces, personally oversees excavations, and returns home to describe and catalogue the day's findings and the graves from which they were taken.

And amid all this antiquarian panoply let not be forgotten his domestic and very human affairs. Ample correspondence and household accounts survive to make flesh and blood of the Georgian parson in all his varying moods: his concern for his family and children, his frustration as an ill-paid curate, his escapist jaunts to London, his vanity over his ancestors, his gout-ridden enforced stays at home, his unparson-like predilection for litigation, and his perfunctory interest in clerical duties.

Faussett often described his graves as lying under or within tumuli, sometimes under or within mounds or barrows. For the sake of consistency I have adopted 'barrow' throughout, although the three are more or less archaeologically interchangeable. In citing his and others' correspondence I have generally employed modern punctuation, silently expanded such abbreviations as 'yr' and 'wch', and modernised misleading spelling in order not to exasperate the reader – Faussett, a highly educated man, sometimes wrote erratically, even in the form of his own surname. He is not always consistent either in describing certain commonly occurring artefacts such as the *umbo* or shield-boss, and *fibula* or brooch, and here I italicise when preferring the Latin nomenclature.

My text has benefited in part from the watchful eyes of Dr Georgina Muskett of the World Museum in Liverpool, particularly in regard to those parts of the text concerned with artefacts in her care. The much greater task of checking the entire narrative for infelicities and inconsistencies was undertaken by Peter Ewart; but for the complexities of Anglo-Saxon archaeology, burial customs and related matters I am hugely indebted to Dr Andrew Richardson of the Canterbury Archaeological Trust for allowing me to profit from his doctoral thesis (coincidentally dedicated to the memory of Bryan Faussett) and for agreeing to act as a wise and well-informed cicerone on my journey through such a fascinating world. Whatever other errors may remain are mine alone.

David Wright, autumn 2014

Bryan Faussett – A Chronology

1720 October 30born at Heppington House, Nackington1720s (late)sees Heppington House demolished1730 Junewatches Cromwell Mortimer excavating1733rebuilding of Heppington House starts1738 Octobergoes up to University College, Oxford

1742 receives Bachelor's Degree

1744 June made Fellow of University College, Oxford

1745 receives Master's Degree

1746 April 28 made Fellow of All Souls, Oxford
 1746 May 25 made Deacon at Christ Church, Oxford

1747 June 14 priested at Christ Church, Oxford, by Thomas Secker
1747 November 9 presented to the living of Alberbury, Shropshire
1748 November 15 marries Elizabeth Curtois at Magdalen College
1749 November 18 birth of first son, Henry Godfrey, at Alberbury

1750 September 19 death of father, Bryan Faussett senior

1750 November leaves Alberbury and returns to Heppington

1750-56 Curate of Kingston

1750s sells outlying estates for £2850

1753 April 11
 1754 March 2
 1756 February 11
 birth of second son, Bryan, at Kingston
 birth of third son, Charles, at Bishopsbourne
 birth of only daughter, Elizabeth, at Bishopsbourne

1756-61 Curate of Petham and Waltham

1756-60 visits churches to record monumental inscriptions

1757-1759 excavates at Tremworth Down, Crundale 1758 portrait painted by Thomas Hudson 1759-63 excavates at Gilton Town, Ash

1761 May 23 death of mother, Elizabeth Faussett (formerly Godfrey)

1763 March elected Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries
 1764-73 excavates at Chartham Down, Chartham
 1765 May 8 inducted as Rector of Monks Horton

1765-72 Curate of Lower Hardres 1767-75 Curate of Nackington

1767-1773 excavates at Kingston Down, Kingston

1760s sells outlying estates for f6220

1769 July draws up his will

c.1769 garden pavilion at Heppington constructed

sells outlying estates for £4870

1771 July	excavates at Bishopsbourne Down, Bishopsbourne
1772 July-August	excavates at Barfriston Down, Barfriston
1772 October	excavates at Iffin Wood
1772-73	excavates at Sibertswold Down, Sibertswold
1773 May-August	excavates at Adisham Down, Bekesbourne
1776 February 10	dies at Heppington and is buried at Nackington
1776 February 27	will proved by his widow
1787 January 22	death of widow, Elizabeth Faussett formerly Curtois
1793	James Douglas publishes Nenia Britannica
1841	Charles Roach Smith twice visits Heppington
1844	British Archaeological Association Congress at Canterbury
1853	Faussett collections rejected by the British Museum
1854	Joseph Mayer purchases the collections for £700
1856	publication of Inventorium Sepulchrale

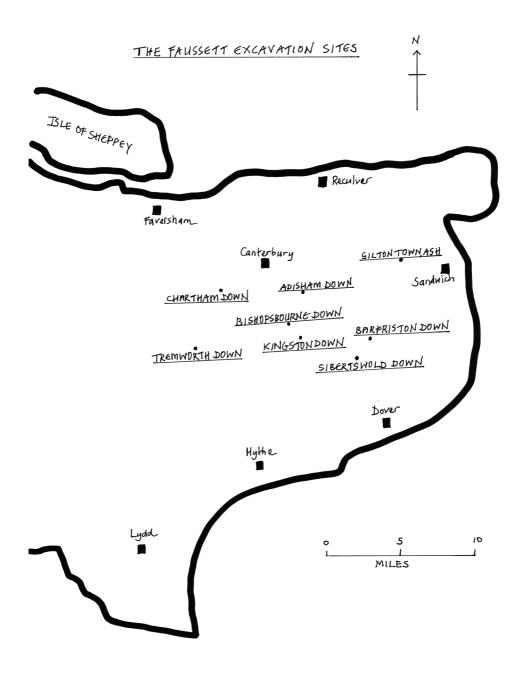


Figure 1. The Faussett Excavation Sites.