Acropolis 625: The Endoios Athena

The Statue, Its Findspot and Pausanias

Patricia A. Marx

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To my beloved sister Anita M. Marx

Contents

List of abbreviations General abbreviations list Books and series	iii
List of figures, plates, and table	v
Foreword and acknowledgments	xiii
Introduction: The Endoios Athena and Acropolis 625	1
Part One: The Statue	5
Chapter I: Condition, composition and overview	7
Chapter II: The statue from top to bottom: Description, analyses and comparanda Head, neck and hair Aegis and Gorgoneion, upper torso Chiton and its relationship to Athena's body Arms and hands Feet and sandals The stool The central support The plinth Summary and overall analysis Conclusion: Athena as an armed Goddess	
Chapter III: Measurements Introduction Measurements of the right side (figure 1) Measurements of the front (figure 2) Measurements of the left side (figure 3) Vertical measurements of the back (figures 1 and 3) Horizontal measurements of the back (figure 4) Drill holes on the Aegis: Depth and location (plates 13-15) Measurements of the scallops on the Aegis: Length and location (plates 13-15) Size of Athena relative to The Stool seat Comparisons to other archaic seated figures Conclusions	25 28 28 28 30 31 31 31 32 32 32 32 35
Chapter IV: Proposed reconstruction in words and images Method Head, neck, face, hair and helmet Aegis and Gorgoneion Chiton Forearms and hands, spear and shield Feet and sandals Stool and plinth Archaic colors: Paint and metal Summary and conclusions Chapter V: The statue, summary and conclusions	
· · ·	

Part Two: The Statue on the Acropolis45
Chapter I: The Greek revolution and the reported findspot47
Chapter II: The findspot of Acropolis 625 and its significance53Sir William Gell (1777-1836)53Turkish fountain, Hypapanti wall, Aghios Nikolaos and Stuart and Revett56Edward Dodwell (1777-1832)60Richard Chandler (1737-1810)63John Cam Hobhouse (1786-1869)64The date of the find.64The significance of the true findspot and the late antique wall65
Chapter III: The findspot summary and conclusions67
Chapter IV: Pausanias and the Endoios Athena
Chapter V: Where was the Erechtheion?75The modern controversy over the identification and location of the Erechtheion75Robertson's Erechtheion (SE building) (figure 21.K-L and figures 22-23)76Mansfield's and Pautasso's Erechtheion (Sanctuary of Zeus Polieus) (figure 21.I-J)78Jeppesen's Erechtheion ('House of the Arrephoroi' and the Mycenaean Fountain)(Figure 21.O)81Pirenne-Delforge on the Erechtheion82Van Rookhuijzen's Erechtheion83The Archaic temple of Athena Polias: Dörpfeld and Ferrari (figures 26-27 and plate 47)84One temple or two?: The testimony of Himerios and Plutarch
Chapter VI: The Karyatid Temple and the Erechtheion
 Chapter VII: Pausanias and the Endoios Athena. Summary and conclusions
Overall summary: Acropolis 625: The Endoios Athena102
Plates105
Bibliography155
Index of selected people, places and things174

List of abbreviations

General abbreviations list

D =	Depth
DAI =	Deutsches Archäologisches Institut
EM =	Epigraphical Museum in Athens
H =	Height
NM =	National Archaeological Museum in Athens
L =	Length
L = PH =	Length Preserved Height

Books and series

ABV =	Beazley, J.D. 1956. Attic Black-Figure Vase-Painters. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
AMA 1939 =	Schrader, H. (ed.). E. Langlotz, WH. Schuchhardt and H. Schrader, <i>Die archaischen Marmorbildwerke der Akropolis.</i> 2 vols. Text and Plates. Frankfurt am Main: Vittorio Klostermann.
$ARV^2 =$	Beazley, J.D. 1963. <i>Attic Red-Figure Vase-Painters.</i> Second edition. 3 volumes. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
Beazley Addenda ² =	<i>Beazley Addenda: Additional References to ABV, ARV² & Paralipomena.</i> Second edition. 1989. Compiled by T.H. Carpenter with T. Mannack and M. Mendonça at the Beazley Archive. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
CVA =	<i>Corpus Vasorum Antiquorum.</i> Multi-national and multi-volume series. 1922 to present.
DNO I 2014 =	Hallof, K., S. Kansteiner, L. Lehmann, B. Seidensticker, K. Stemmer with A. Filges, R. Krumeich and P. Weitmann. <i>Der Neue Overbeck. Die antiken Schriftquellen zu den bildenden Künsten der Griechen. Band I. Frühzeit, Archaik, Frühklassik. Bildhauer und Maler von den Anfängen bis zum 5. Jh v.Chr. DNO 1-719. Berlin/Boston: Walter de Gruyter GmbH.</i>
DNO II 2014 =	Hallof, K., S. Kansteiner, L. Lehmann, H. Mielsch and J. Raeder with L. Balensiefen, A. Filges, R. Krumeich, S. Prignitz and M. Taschner. <i>Der Neue Overbeck. Die antiken</i> <i>Schriftquellen zu den bildenden Künsten der Griechen. Band II: Klassik. Bildhauer und</i> <i>Maler des 5. Jhs. v.Chr. DNO 720-1798.</i> Berlin/Boston: Walter de Gruyter GmbH.
IG =	<i>Inscriptiones Graecae.</i> 1873 to present. Berlin: G. Reimer. For a list of the abbreviations used to indicate individual volumes see: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inscriptiones_Graecae (accessed 14 May 2020).
LIMC =	<i>Lexicon Iconographicum Mythologiae Classicae</i> , 1981-1997, 8 volumes. Index 1999 in 2 volumes. Zürich and Munich: Artemis Verlag. Supplement in 2 volumes 2009. Düsseldorf: Artemis Verlag.
LSJ =	Liddell, H.G. and R. Scott, 1977. <i>A Greek-English Lexicon</i> . Revised and augmented throughout by Sir H. Stuart Jones with the assistance of R. McKenzie and others. With a Supplement 1968. Oxford: The Clarendon Press.
Paralipomena =	Beazley, J.D. 1971. Paralipomena. Additions to Attic Black-Figure Vase-Painters and to Attic Red-Figure Vase-Painters (Second Edition). Oxford: The Clarendon Press.

- RE =von Pauly, A.F. and G. Wissowa. 1894-1963. Paulys Real Encyclopädie der classischenAltertumswissenschaft: Neue Bearbeitung. Stuttgart: J.B. Metzler.
- SEG =Supplementum Epigraphicum Graecum.1923 to present. Amsterdam, Netherlands:J.C.Gieben; Leiden: Brill. For the history of this sporadic publication see:https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Supplementum_Epigraphicum_Graecum(accessed 9 November 2021).

List of figures, plates, and table

Figure 1.	Drawing of Right Side with Measurements. © 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	26
Figure 2.	Drawing of Front with Measurements. © 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	27
Figure 3.	Drawing of Left Side with Measurements. © 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	29
Figure 4.	Drawing of Back with Measurements. © 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	30
Table 1.	Heights of Selected Archaic Greek Seated Statues	33
Figure 5, 6, 7.	Acropolis 625, Proposed Reconstruction Drawing. Right side, front, and left side.	
	© 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	36
Figure 8, 9, 10.	Acropolis 625, Proposed Reconstruction Drawing with Suggested Attributes. Right side,	
F' 44	front, and left side. © 2020 by Patricia A. Marx	37
Figure 11.	Plan of the Acropolis at the time of the Greek Revolution by John Travlos. © The John	
	Travlos Archive, The Archeological Society at Athens/H EN A Θ HNAI Σ	477
Eisen 10	APXAIOΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΙΡΕΙΑ.	4/
Figure 12.	Plan of Post-Herulian Athens by John Travlos 1984. © Courtesy of the Trustees of The	
	American School of Classical Studies at Athens: Agora Excavations.	10
Figure 13.	Plan from the 1937 Excavations on the North Slope of the Acropolis by John Travlos from	49
liguie 15.	Broneer 1938, 162 fig.1 © Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical	
	Studies at Athens: Agora Excavations.	50
Figure 14.	Plan of the Acropolis by James Stuart 1753 from Stuart and Revett, <i>The Antiquities</i>	50
i iguite 14.	of Athens vol. II 1787 page 5. Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of	
	Classical Studies at Athens, Gennadius Library	57
Figure 15.	Plan of Aghios Nikolaos c.1999 by Architect Nikolaos Tsarpalas for the Greek	
1.8010 101	Archaeological Service. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the	
	Acropolis © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources	
	Development (N. 3028/2002)	58
Figure 16.	Restored Elevation of the West Facade of Aghios Nikolaos <i>c</i> .1999 by Architect Nikolaos	
0	Tsarpalas for the Greek Archaeological Service. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City,	
	North Slope of the Acropolis © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of	
	Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002).	59
Figure 17.	Restored Elevation of the North Side of Aghios Nikolaos <i>c</i> .1999 by Architect Nikolaos	
	Tsarpalas for the Greek Archaeological Service. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City,	
	North Slope of the Acropolis © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of	
	Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002).	59
Figure 18.	Plan of Aghios Nikolaos and its monastery, the Medieval road below it and the Late	
	Antique staircase <i>c</i> .1999 by Architect Nikolaos Tsarpalas for the Greek Archaeological	
	Service. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis © Hellenic	
	Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N.	
	3028/2002).	62
Figure 19.	Plan of the North Slope with Aghios Nikolaos and the new arrangement of staircases on	
	the Medieval road 2014. Topographer V. Pagounis. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City,	
	North Slope of the Acropolis © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of	
	Cultural Resources Development	<i>(</i>)
Figure 20	(N. 3028/2002).	6Z
Figure 20.	Restored Perspective View of the Acropolis by G.P. Stevens 1941 (image 2002.03.0004).	
	© Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical Studies at Athens: Agora	60
Figure 21	Excavations Plan of the Athenian Acropolis 2nd century AD by John Travlos 1981 with letters A-U	09
Figure 21.	superimposed by Patricia A. Marx. © The John Travlos Archive, The Archeological	
	Society at Athens/H EN AΘΗΝΑΙΣ ΑΡΧΑΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΙΡΕΙΑ	71
Figure 22.	Acropolis, State Plan of SE Building (Heroön of Pandion) by G.P. Stevens 1946, 23 fig.22.	/ 1
8410 221	© Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical Studies at Athens.	76
Figure 23.	Acropolis, Restored Plan of SE Building (Heroön of Pandion) by G.P. Stevens 1946, 25	
0	fig.23. © Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical Studies at Athens	76

Figure 24.	Acropolis, Restored Plan and Elevation Sanctuary of Zeus Polieus by G.P. Stevens 1946, 14
Figure 25.	fig.17. © Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical Studies at Athens 79 Acropolis, Plan of the 'Shrine' in the Sanctuary of Zeus Polieus by G.P. Stevens 1940, 84
	fig.64. © Courtesy of the Trustees of The American School of Classical Studies at Athens 79
Figure 26.	Acropolis, Restored Plan of the Dörpfeld Foundations for the Temple of Athena Polias by John Travlos. © The John Travlos Archive, The Archeological Society at Athens/H EN
	ΑΘΗΝΑΙΣ ΑΡΧΑΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΙΡΕΙΑ
Figure 27.	Acropolis, State Plan of the Dörpfeld Foundations for the Temple of Athena Polias by
i igui e 277	John Travlos. © The John Travlos Archive, The Archeological Society at Athens/H EN
	ΑΘΗΝΑΙΣ ΑΡΧΑΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΙΡΕΙΑ
Figure 28.	Restored Plan of the Erechtheion by G.P. Stevens in Paton and Stevens 1927, pl.I.
-	Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of Classical Studies at Athens,
	Gennadius Library
Figure 29.	Restored East Elevation of the Erechtheion by G.P. Stevens in Paton and Stevens 1927,
	pl.XIII top. Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of Classical Studies at
Eisen 20	Athens, Gennadius Library
Figure 30.	Restored West Elevation of the Erechtheion by G.P. Stevens in Paton and Stevens 1927, pl.XIII bottom. Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of Classical Studies
	at Athens, Gennadius Library
Figure 31.	Restored North Elevation of the Erechtheion by G.P. Stevens in Paton and Stevens 1927,
riguit 51.	pl.XIV top. Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of Classical Studies at
	Athens, Gennadius Library
Figure 32.	Restored South Elevation of the Erechtheion by G.P. Stevens in Paton and Stevens 1927,
0	pl.XIV bottom. Photograph by Elias Eliadis. © The American School of Classical Studies
	at Athens, Gennadius Library
Plate 1,1.	Sketch by Sir William Gell c. 1805-06: 'STATUE IN THE WALL OF THE ACROPOLIS Minerva
	Polias.' British Museum Gell Sketch Book no.8 LB 18, pen and ink. Photograph: Courtesy
	of the Trustees of the British Museum
Plate 1,2.	Sketch by Louis-François-Sébastien Fauvel, late-18th or early-19th century. Bibliothèque
Dista 1.2	nationale de France. GB-15 (D)-BOITE FOL 228. © Bibliothèque nationale de France
Plate 1,3.	Engraving of Acropolis Museum 625 by Hansen or Schaubert 1836 intended for Ross Volume II. Photograph: Deutsches Archaeologsiches Institut, Berlin, Archiv der Zentrale,
	Nachlass Schaubert – Hansen, Akropolis, Plate 19 fig.VI.
Plate 1,4.	Engraving of Acropolis Museum 625 from drawing by Eugène Landron from Le Bas 1888,
1 1400 1,11	pl.2,1. Photograph: The British Library Board. Shelf mark: 2259.H3
Plate 2.	Acropolis Museum 625 c. 525 BC, right side view. Photograph: Hans Schrader, D-DAI-
	ATH- Schrader 100. All rights reserved. Direct print from the original glass plate
Plate 3.	Acropolis Museum 625, three-quarter right side view. Photograph: Hans Schrader,
	D-DAI-ATH-Schrader 98. All rights reserved. Direct print from the original glass plate 108
Plate 4.	Acropolis Museum 625, front view. Photograph: Hans Schrader, D-DAI-ATH-Schrader 97.
	All rights reserved. Direct print from the original glass plate
Plate 5.	Acropolis Museum 625, three-quarter view left front, early 20th century. © Alinari
	Archives, Florence. Photograph: Fratelli Alinari ACA-F-024602-0000
Plate 6.	Acropolis Museum 625, left side view, early 20th century. Photograph: Hans Schrader,
Dlata 71	D-DAI-ATH-Schrader 99. All rights reserved. Direct print from the original glass plate 111
Plate 7,1.	Acropolis Museum 625, right side of right foot. Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 7,2.	Acropolis Museum 625, detail of right foot front view. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2010.
1 July 1,21	© The Acropolis Museum
Plate 8,1.	Acropolis Museum 625 hoisted in a harness still on its old base for placement by the
,	curators in the new Acropolis Museum. Photograph: © 2009 The Acropolis Museum 113
Plate 8,2.	Acropolis Museum 625 on its new base. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014.
·	© The Acropolis Museum
Plate 9,1.	Acropolis Museum 625, front view. Photograph: Gösta Hellner D-DAI-ATH-1972/2935.
	All rights reserved

Plate 9,2.	Acropolis Museum 674 (Kore) <i>c</i> . 500 BC, Acropolis 670 (Kore) <i>c</i> . 500 BC; Acropolis 625 (Endoios Athena) <i>c</i> . 525 BC and Acropolis 633 <i>c</i> . 510-500 BC (clothed youth). Old Acropolis Museum Photography Patricia A. Mary 2000, © The Acropolic Museum 114
Plate 10,1.	Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. © The Acropolis Museum. 114 Acropolis Museum 625, three-quarter view left back. Old Acropolis Museum.
1 late 10,1.	Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2010. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 10,2.	Acropolis Museum 625, back view. Old Acropolis Museum taken in 2008. © The Acropolis Museum. Attenuated image
Plate 10,3.	Acropolis Museum 625, three quarter view left back seat of with two drill holes.
	Photograph: Patricia A Marx 2014. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 11,1.	Acropolis Museum 625, three-quarter view right back. Photograph: Yiannis Koulelis 2019. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 11,2.	Acropolis Museum 625, detail of three-quarter view right back. Old Acropolis Museum.
	Photograph: Christina Vlassopoulou 2010. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 12,1.	Acropolis Museum 625, closeup of top knob on left front of seat. Photograph: Patricia A.
-1	Marx 2014. © The Acropolis Museum. 117
Plate 12,2.	Acropolis Museum 625, back left top knob and part of back seat with marks of a claw chisel. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 13.	Acropolis Museum 625, detail of right side. Scallops on aegis numbered in white, drill
Flate 15.	holes numbered in red. Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 1986.
	© The Acropolis Museum. Converted from a color slide
Plate 14.	Acropolis Museum 625, front of aegis. Scallops on the aegis numbered in white, drill
11400 11.	holes numbered in red. Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 1990. © The
	Acropolis Museum
Plate 15.	Acropolis Museum 625, three-quarter view left side. Scallops on the aegis numbered in
	white, drill holes numbered in red. Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx
	2000. © The Acropolis Museum. Converted from a color slide
Plate 16.	Delphi Archaeological Museum inv.1247, East Frieze of the Siphnian Treasury, Seated
	gods on the left c. 525 BC.© Hirmer Fotoarchiv München S61.0613. Ares, Eos,
	Aphrodite, Apollo, Zeus 121
Plate 17.	Delphi Archaeological Museum inv.1247, East Frieze of the Siphnian Treasury, Seated
	gods on the right <i>c.</i> 525 BC. © Hirmer Fotoarchiv München S61.0614. Athena, Hera, Thetis. Frontal chariot
Plate 18,1.	Delphi Archaeological Museum inv.1247, East Frieze of the Siphnian Treasury. Detail:
	Ares. Photograph: © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Archaeological Receipts Fund
Plate 18,2.	Acropolis Museum 1332. The Potter Relief c. 510 BC. Photograph: Gösta Hellner. D-DAI-
	ATH 1969/1684. All rights reserved
Plate 19,1.	Acropolis Museum 602 + 189. Fragment of a Kore <i>c</i> . 530-520 BC, right side. Photograph:
	Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 1336B. All rights reserved
Plate 19,2.	Acropolis Museum 602 + 189. Fragment of a Kore c. 530-520 BC, front view. Photograph:
-1	Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 1336A. All rights reserved
Plate 19,3.	Acropolis Museum 602 + 189. Fragment of a Kore <i>c.</i> 530-520 BC, back. Photograph: Walter
Dista 20.1	Hege D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 748. All rights reserved
Plate 20,1.	Athens NM 3045. Seated god (Zeus) <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC, front view. Photograph: D-DAI-ATH-NM
Plate 20,2.	1226. All rights reserved
r late 20,2.	1229. All rights reserved
Plate 20,3.	Athens NM 3045. Seated god (Zeus) <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC, right side. Photograph: D-DAI-ATH-NM
1 1400 20,01	1227. All rights reserved
Plate 21,1.	Acropolis Museum 678. Kore c. 530 BC, right side. Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-
	ATH-Akropolis 1519. All rights reserved
Plate 21,2.	Acropolis Museum 678. Kore c. 530 BC, back. Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH-
	Akropolis 1520. All rights reserved
Plate 22,1.	Acropolis Museum 681. 'Antenor's Kore' c. 520-10 BC, left three-quarter view of the head.
	Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 1675. All rights reserved 127

Plate 22,2.	Acropolis Museum 669. Kore <i>c</i> . 500 BC, left three-quarter view of the head. Photograph: D-DAI-ATH 1981-584 A. All rights reserved
Plate 23,1.	Athens NM 14828. Statuette from Tegea late-6th century BC, front view. Photograph: © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports
Plate 23,2.	Athens NM 14828. Statuette from Tegea detail of gorgoneion late-6th century BC. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2010. The rights on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)
Plate 23,3.	Athens NM 14828. Statuette from Tegea late-6th century BC, right side. Photograph: © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports
Plate 23,4.	Athens NM 14828. Statuette from Tegea late-6th century BC, left side. Photograph: © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports
Plate 24,1.	Eretria, Chalkis Archaeological Museum inv.5. Athena from the West Pediment of the Temple of Apollo Daphnephoros <i>c.</i> 500-490 BC, front view. Photograph: Walter Hege D-DAI-ATH-Hege 1438. All rights reserved
Plate 24,2.	Eretria, Chalkis Archaeological Museum inv.5. Athena from the West Pediment of the Temple of Apollo Daphnephoros <i>c</i> . 500-490 BC, right side. Photograph: Walter Hege D-DAI-ATH-Hege 1440. All rights reserved
Plate 25,1.	Acropolis Museum 13058. Athena on terracotta plaque <i>c.</i> 490-80 BC. Photograph: Vangelis Tsiamis, © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 25,2.	Acropolis Museum 13061, 13059 + 13091, 13077, 13078 and 13015. Fragments of a terracotta plaque <i>c.</i> 490-80 BC. Photograph: Vlassopoulou 2003, pl.33. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 26,1.	Acropolis Museum 142. Athena from the Brettspieler Group <i>c</i> . 510 BC, front view. Photograph: Gösta Hellner D-DAI-ATH-1976/468. All rights reserved
Plate 26,2.	Acropolis Museum 142. Athena from the Brettspieler Group <i>c.</i> 510 BC, right side. Photograph: Gösta Hellner D-DAI-ATH-1976/470. All rights reserved
Plate 27,1.	Acropolis Museum 625. Old Acropolis Museum. Detail: Gorgoneion. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 1990. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 27,2.	Acropolis Museum 142. Old Acropolis Museum Apotheke. Detail: Gorgoneion. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 1990. © The Acropolis Museum
Plate 28,1.	London B271, British Museum GR 1859,1226.10. Seated male figure from Didyma, <i>c</i> . 600-580 BC, front. Photograph: The British Museum. © 2021 The Trustees of The British Museum. All rights reserved
Plate 28,2.	London B 278, British Museum GR 1859,1226.5. Seated male figure from Didyma, <i>c</i> . 560 BC. The ruler Chares from Teichioussa, three-quarter view left. Photograph: The British Museum. © 2021 The Trustees of The British Museum. All rights reserved
Plate 28,3.	London B272, British Museum GR 1859,1226.7. Seated female figure from Didyma <i>c</i> . 550-25 BC, three-quarter view left. Photograph: The British Museum. © 2021 The Trustees of The British Museum. All rights reserved
Plate 29,1.	Istanbul Museum inv.1945, Seated male figure from Didyma (Priest) c. 550-40 BC three- quarter view left. Photograph: Eva-Marie Czakò D-DAI-ATH-Konstantinopel 24. All rights reserved
Plate 29,2.	London B280, British Museum GR 1859,1226.9. Seated female figure from Didyma <i>c</i> . 520- 10 BC, three-quarter view left. Photograph: The British Museum. © 2021 The Trustees of The British Museum. All rights reserved
Plate 30,1.	Aiakes Dedication, Pythagoreion Archaeological Museum Samos late-6th century BC, front view. Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH-Samos 2130. All rights reserved 136
Plate 30,2.	Aiakes Dedication, Pythagoreion Archaeological Museum Samos late-6th century BC, three-quarter view left. Photograph: Eva-Maria Czakó D-DAI-ATH-Samos 3149. All rights reserved
Plate 31,1.	Acropolis Museum 618. Lower half seated female figure <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC, three-quarter view right. Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH Akropolis-1347. All rights reserved 137
Plate 31,2.	Acropolis Museum 618. Lower half seated female figure, <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC, front view. Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. © The Acropolis Museum

Plate 31,3.	Acropolis Museum 618. Lower half seated female figure, <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC, left three-quarter view <i>c</i> . 520-10 BC. Photograph: Hermann Wagner D-DAI-ATH Akropolis-1552.	
	All rights reserved	137
Plate 32,1.	Dionysos from Ikarion c. 530-20 BC, front view. Athens National Archaeological	
	Museum, Sculpture collection inv. nos. Г3072 head + Г3897 torso + Г3073 right hand with	
	kantharos + Γ3074 feet. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. The rights on the depicted	
	monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Hellenic Organization	
	of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	138
Plate 32,2.	Dionysos from Ikarion. c.530-20 BC. Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	
	collection inv. no. F3073 right hand with kantharos front view. Photograph: Patricia A.	
	Marx 2014. The rights on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of	
	Culture and Sports/Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development	
	(Law 3028/2002).	138
Plate 32,3.	Dionysos from Ikarion. <i>c</i> .530-20 BC. Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	150
r late 52,5.	collection inv. no. Γ3074 left side of feet. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. The rights	
	on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	100
D1.1. 00 1	Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	138
Plate 33,1.	Seated Male Figure c. 510 BC. Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	
	collection inv. no. Г3711 three-quarter view right. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014.	
	The rights on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and	
	Sports/Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	139
Plate 33,2.	Seated Male Figure c. 510 BC. Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	
	collection inv. no. F3711 front view. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. The rights on	
	the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Hellenic	
	Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	139
Plate 33,3.	Seated Male Figure c. 510 BC. Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	
	collection inv. no. F3711 three-quarter view left. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. The	
	rights on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	,
	Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	139
Plate 34,1.	Dionysos from Ikarion c. 530-20 BC, Athens National Archaeological Museum, Sculpture	
	collection inv. no. F3072 head, front view. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. The rights	
	on the depicted monument belong to the Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	
	Hellenic Organization of Cultural Resources and Development (Law 3028/2002)	140
Plate 34,2.	Acropolis Museum 696. Head of the Polos Kore c. 500 BC. Photograph: Hermann Wagner	
,	D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 1668. All rights reserved.	140
Plate 34,3.	Acropolis Museum 682. Kore, detail of feet <i>c</i> . 525 BC, right side view. Old Acropolis	
1 1400 0 1,01	Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. © The Acropolis Museum	140
Plate 35,1.	Athens NM Acropolis 923e. Fragment of an imitation Panathenaic amphora, Attic	110
1 1400 55,11	black-figure, side B: Poseidon, Athena and Zeus by the Princeton Painter <i>c</i> . 540 BC.	
	Photograph: Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Tourism/Archaeological Receipts Fund	1/1
Plate 35,2.	Athens NM Acropolis 923a. Fragment of an imitation Panathenaic amphora, Attic black-	141
r late 55,2.	figure, side A: Athena by the Princeton Painter <i>c</i> . 540 BC. Photograph: Hellenic Ministry	
		1 / 1
Dlata 261	of Culture and Tourism/Archaeological Receipts Fund.	141
Plate 36,1.	Color Reconstruction Drawing of Acropolis 625 with a blue aegis. © 2020 by	140
	Patricia A. Marx	142
Plate 36,2.	Color Reconstruction Drawing of Acropolis 625 showing scales on the aegis.	
-1	© 2020 by Patricia A. Marx.	142
Plate 37,1.	Acropolis North Slope Face of Cliff with Classical Citadel Wall with Triglyphs and	
	Metopes, and the modern opening to the Cleft with the Mycenaean Fountain below.	
	From a color slide by Patricia A. Marx 1978. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City,	
	North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of	
	Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)	143
Plate 37,2.	Acropolis North Slope modern opening to the Cleft with the Mycenaean Fountain.	
	Black and White photograph by Patricia A. Marx June 1994. Ephorate of Antiquities of	
	Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	
	Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002).	143

Plate 38.	Athenian Agora, Detail of Part of the Post-Herulian Wall 1937 (since demolished). © The American School of Classical Studies at Athens: Agora Excavations. PD 2574 (Neg.7-259).
Plate 39,1.	All Rights Reserved
Plate 39,2.	All Rights Reserved
Plate 40,1.	Modern consolidation of the Upper Hypapanti Wall just above the Ancient Peripatos. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural
Plate 40,2.	Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 41.	Print of an Engraving by Johann Heinrich Schilbach <i>c.</i> 1822. Deutsches Archäologisches Institut Abteilung Athen. Photograph: D-DAI-ATH 482. All Rights Reserved
Plate 42,1.	Medieval Path with Late Antique Steps Leading to the North Gate. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 42,2.	Medieval Path with Late Antique Steps and Retaining Wall of Aghios Nikolaos. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2000. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 43,1.	Fragment of the Hypapanti Wall below Aghios Nikolaos containing a large marble block. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, North Slope of the Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural
Plate 43,2.	Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 44.	View of the Acropolis from Philopappos Hill. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 1990 from a color slide. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002) 150
Plate 45,1.	Acropolis. Detail of NS wall of the SE Building (Heroön of Pandion) in the basement of the Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 45,2.	Acropolis. Detail of NS wall of the SE Building (Heroön of Pandion) in the basement of the Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 45,3.	Acropolis. Detail of EW wall of the SE Building (Heroön of Pandion) in the basement of the Old Acropolis Museum. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)
Plate 46,1.	Acropolis. Precinct of Zeus Polieus, westernmost portion of NE section, with natural outcropping of Acropolis blue limestone behind it and SE view of the Erechtheion in the background. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)

Plate 46,2.	Acropolis. Precinct of Zeus Polieus. The 'shrine' in the NE section. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of	
	Culture and Sports/Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002)	152
Plate 47.	The Dörpfeld Foundations/Archaic Temple of Athena Polias, and Erechtheion to the	
	North. Photograph: D-DAI-ATH-Akropolis 15. All Rights Reserved.	153
Plate 48,1.	Acropolis. The Erechtheion SE view. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate	
	of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	
	Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002).	154
Plate 48,2.	Acropolis. The Erechtheion SW view. Photograph: Patricia A. Marx 2014. Ephorate	
	of Antiquities of Athens City, Acropolis. © Hellenic Ministry of Culture and Sports/	
	Organization of Cultural Resources Development (N. 3028/2002).	154

Foreword and acknowledgments

When I was a Regular Member of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens in 1982-83 under Director Stephen G. Miller (d.2021) I started my dissertation research on Archaic and Classical images of the goddess Athena. At that time I became fascinated with a headless seated statue of Athena in the Acropolis Museum, inventory no.625, which had been for a long time regarded as the seated Athena by Endoios seen by Pausanias (1.26.4-5) on the Athenian Acropolis in the mid-2nd century AD. In 1974 the attribution to Endoios was shaken by remarks made by J.A. Bundgaard in his book on the last papers of George Kawerau. As a result this statue was then often referred to as the so-called Endoios Athena. I made up my mind that one day I would study her. My dissertation was subsequently narrowed down to narrative images of Athena in Athenian art before 530 BC and I completed it in 1988.

In 1989 Jeffery Hurwit published his ground-breaking article on the Kritios Boy in *The American Journal of Archaeology* and I was inspired to follow his example and focus on Acropolis 625, a study which I imagined could be achieved in a single article. At that time I had no preconceived notions of whether or not the statue was by Endoios. In 1994 I obtained a permit from Ephor Alike-Ismene Trianti through the good offices of the American School, to study the statue and was allowed to visit the North Slope several times. This was the first time I met Christina Vlassopoulou, who has been an invaluable ally and friend ever since. She has helped me in every possible way including gifting me with numerous important books beginning with her book $A\tau\tau\iota\kappaoi \alpha v \dot{\alpha}\gamma \lambda u \varphi o \iota \pi i v \alpha \kappa \epsilon \varsigma \tau \eta \varsigma \alpha \rho \chi \alpha \ddot{\kappa} \eta \zeta \varepsilon \sigma \chi \eta \zeta$ 2003. Vlassopoulou is now Ephor Emerita.

I soon discovered that the reported location and date of the find varied greatly from author to author, but I was able to relocate the exact findspot with the aid of the accounts early travelers Sir William Gell, Edward Dodwell, a plan of the Acropolis by James Stuart drawn in 1753, and a sketch by Gell of Acropolis 625 built into a Late Antique Wall. The sketch by Gell was mentioned twice by Eduard Gerhard in 1828 and 1837 but had never been published. I found it in a Gell sketch book in the Department of Greek and Roman Antiquities in The British Museum and was able to see it in 1999 with the permission of Keeper Dyfri Williams and the aid of Assistant Keepers Ian D. Jenkins and Lucilla Burn. I returned to Athens with a new permit in 2000. The North Slope had recently been cleaned and Vlassopoulou arranged permission with Alexandros Mantis (d.2017) for me to visit it and take photographs.

In the year 2000 I continued to make a close study the statue itself, taking more notes and photographs, and making detailed measurements with the assistance of conservator Notis Giannoulatos. The statue was moved from the Old Acropolis Museum to the new Acropolis Museum during the years 2008 and 2009, and I returned to study it more closely in 2010 with the assistance of curator Katerina Diamantidou and conservator Christos Angelopoulous. They helped me recheck my earlier measurements and make new ones. I returned again in 2014 to study the statue with the aid of curators Angeliki Kouveli and Eirini Manoli, and at that time I also made numerous small measurements. During this trip I met curator Raphaël Jacob, who has subsequently given me much help with certain issues regarding Acropolis 625 and very recently shared with me his discovery of an important sketch of the statue in the Late Antique Wall by Louis-François-Sébastien Fauvel in the Bibliothèque nationale in Paris.

This book is divided into two parts. Part One encompasses every aspect of the statue itself, including reconstruction drawings of it. Part Two focuses on its relationship to the Athenian Acropolis with regard to both its findspot and where Pausanias may have seen it. I gave an account of the findspot of the statue in the 2001 issue of *Hesperia: The Journal of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens.* Most of the information from the text of that article is included here in Part Two Chapters

I-III courtesy of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens. I thank the Trustees and Carol A. Stein, Director of Publications for their permission. Given this new evidence it seems fair to conclude that Acropolis 625 is indeed the seated Athena by Endoios that Pausanias saw on the Acropolis. The route of Pausanias is a thorny subject and includes the controversy over the location of the Erechtheion. Jan Z. van Rookhuijzen and Marion Meyer were especially helpful with these issues. I had hoped to also suggest where the statue may have been originally erected, but with sage advice from Nancy Bookidis and Andrew Stewart I eventually realized that was impossible.

It proved difficult to find a publisher for such a focused study and I am extremely grateful to David Davison, Director of Archaeopress, for accepting my proposal in January 2020. I had about 90% of the materials I needed when the pandemic hit and everything went on lock-down in the USA in mid-March 2020. All of the research libraries closed. As of this writing in November 2021 most of these libraries have remained closed with only a few having limited access. I am grateful to the Center for Hellenic Studies (a branch of Harvard University in Washington DC), and particularly to Librarians Thomas Temple Wright and Lanah Koelle who gave me much valuable assistance over the years. Beginning on 31 August 2020 the Center allowed its patrons to request two scans per week from its holdings. I am grateful to Charlotte Houghton for providing them. I wish to thank everyone else who provided me with help of every kind throughout the decades and especially during the pandemic. Their names and specific contributions appear throughout the book in the footnotes. I am grateful to Jacob and Vlassopoulou for studying the back of the statue together in July 2021 to confirm my observations about it.

Before I mention others to whom I am indebted, I must first make a statement about Greek names when translated into English. For example, there two different ways to translate the vowel η (eta) into English, as an 'e' or an 'i,' and κ (kappa) is sometimes translated as a 'c' or a 'k.' The consonant combination $v\tau$ is sometimes rendered as 'nd' or 'nt.' My spellings of these names vary depending upon the way the author or the individual, insofar as I have been able to determine it, prefers to translate it. For ancient Greek spellings I take them directly from the Greek into English with a few exceptions of words, such as Acropolis, that are well known in everyday English with the Latinized spellings.

There are many scholars, museums, libraries, photo archives, and foreign schools in Athens, as well as people in all walks of life, who contributed to my work in various ways. First and foremost are my parents Roy L. Marx (d.2006) and Olivia M. Marx (d.2008), and most of all my beloved sister Anita M. Marx who has supported me since day one on this project and helped in every way possible including with computer and software issues and pixelated bitmaps. I give special thanks to Christina Vlassopoulou and Marion Meyer who agreed to be my referees and have provided me with excellent advice and additional information. My good friend Architect Xeni Constantinou welcomed me into her family and provided a place to stay with them in Athens on several occasions. Xeni also gave me steadfast encouragement and sent to me by my request the book by Dimitrios Pandermalis *et al.* 2012 on *Archaic Colors.* Long time friends Dermot and Sue Bassett also welcomed me into their home on my visits to England. Sue, through an arrangement with her friend and colleague Felicity Rose in The British Ministry, was able to purchase Didier Viviers key book on Endoios, Philergos and Aristokles 1992 in Brussels.

For my detailed research on Acropolis 625 itself and comparative sculptural material in the Acropolis Museum, on the North Slope, and various sites and buildings on top of the Acropolis I thank all those who issued permits and who aided my work. These include Evi Touloupa (d.2021), Olga Tzahou-Alexandri, Petros G. Kalligas (d.2016), Alike-Ismene Trianti, Christina Vlassopoulou, Dimitrios Pandermalis, Katerina Diamantidou, Angeliki Kouveli, Eirini Manoli, Vasiliki Bizaki, Raphaël Jacob, the conservators noted above, those who helped in the Acropolis apotheke and the guards. For permits and assistance with my work on the North Slope I thank Eleni Kourinou, Konstantinos S.I. Kissas, Alexandros Mantis, Vasili Barkas, Tasos Tanoulas, Nikolaos Tsarpalas,

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At the Athenian Agora I thank Director John McKesson Camp II, the Secretary of the Agora Excavations Jan Jordan and Registrar Sylvie Dumont for answering many questions and providing me with photographs and the permits to use them. I thank Tracey Cullen, then editor of *Hesperia* for publishing my 2001 article and Molly Richardson for editing it. I am grateful to Carol A. Stein, Director of Publications for permission to publish plans by Gorham Philipps Stevens that originally appeared in *Hesperia* 1940 and 1946.

I am grateful to the following Keepers and Assistant Keepers and others at The British Museum in The Department of Greek and Roman Archaeology for answering my many questions by mail and email over the years and for arranging my visits to the museum, most recently to study the many seated statues from Didyma in 2012, and to use the library in their Students Room. These include Dyfri Williams, Ian D. Jenkins, Lucilla Burn, Alexandra Villing, Peter Higgs, Andrew Liddle and Charles Arnold. For permits to publish the Gell sketch and statues from Didyma I thank Elizabeth Bray.

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Although this book is detailed, it is not the last word on this statue, the findspot or its location on the Acropolis during the time of Pausanias. The issues of Pausanias's route and the location of the Erechtheion are ongoing. I hope that others will be inspired to study the statue itself in more detail especially using modern technology. Perhaps additional information might be found about what happened to the statue in the immediate years after it was found and perhaps there even exist in some archive more sketches of it or a photograph of it in its position against the guard's shed. Fragments of the statue base or other fragments of the statue might yet be found.

Introduction

The Endoios Athena and Acropolis 625

Sometime in *c*. AD 155-60 the Greek traveler Pausanias visited the Athenian Acropolis.¹ Before entering the Erechtheion he saw an impressive statue of a seated Athena and wrote the following (1.26.4-5):

^{*} Ενδοιος ἦν γένος μὲν 'Αθηναῖος, Δαιδάλου δὲ μαθητής, ὃς καὶ φεύγοντι Δαιδάλῷ διὰ τὸν Κάλω θάνατον ἐπηκολούθησεν ἐς Κρήτην· τούτου καθήμενόν ἐστιν 'Αθηνᾶς ἄγαλμα, ἐπίγραμμα ἔχον ὡς Καλλίας μὲν ἀναθείη, ποιήσειε δὲ ^{*} Ενδοιος.

Endoios was an Athenian by birth and a pupil of Daidalos, who also, when Daidalos was in exile because of the death of Kalos, followed him to Crete. Made by him is a statue of Athena seated, with an inscription that Kallias dedicated the image, but Endoios made it.²

A short time later Athenagoras, in a plea dated *c*. AD 177 (*Legatio Pro Christianis* 17.3/4), cited a seated Athena by Endoios. Athenagoras's text exists in only one corrupt copy dating to AD 914.³ It reads:

Τὸ μὲν γὰρ ἐν Ἐφέσῷ τῆς Ἀρτέμιδος καὶ τὸ τῆς Ἀθηνᾶς [μᾶλλον δὲ Ἀθηλᾶς· ἀθήλα γὰρ, ὡς οἱ μυστικώτερον <*> οὕτω γὰρ <*>] τὸ ἀπὸ τῆς ἐλαίας τὸ παλαιὸν καὶ τὴν Καθημένην Ἔνδ<ο>ιος εἰργάσατο μαθητὴς Δαιδάλου,...

The image of Artemis in Ephesos, the ancient statue of Athena made of olive wood (or rather Athela, for athela is the more mystical name), and another of the Seated Athena, are all the work of Endoios, a pupil of Daidalos.⁴

Note that Athenagoras attributes the statue of Ephesian Artemis to Endoios.⁵ The olive wood statue might refer to the Athena Polias at Athens, discussed by Pausanias (1.26.6).⁶

Endoios was a major Archaic sculptor of the second half of the 6th century BC. Although Pausanias says he was an Athenian by birth modern scholars are divided as to whether he was an Athenian or an Ionian who later settled in Athens.⁷ He was active in Athens *c*. 530-500 BC where several of his signatures survive on the bases of votive and funerary monuments. These include the Nelonides monument (EM 12870),⁸ a stele for a lady possibly named Lampito (EM 10643),⁹ and the fragments of a fluted column signed by both Philergos and Endoios (EM 62499).¹⁰ Pausanias (8.46.1&4-5) also

¹ Bowie 2001, 21; Habicht 1998, 10-11.

² Greek and English: Jones 1918, 134-135. Both Diodorus Siculus (4.76.1) and Pausanias (7.4.4-7) say Daidalos was an Athenian. On Daidalos see: Morris 1992, 259-261.

³ Marcovich 1990, vii-viii and 1-2.

⁴ Greek (Parisinus gr.451 leaf 333^r): Marcovich 1990, 54. English: Ruprecht Jr 1992, 36. Compare: DNO I 2014, 272; Donohue 1988, 261-263 no.39; Marx 1993, 250-251; Schoedel 1972, 35; Snodgrass 2003; Viviers 1992, 58-60.

⁵ On Artemis Ephesia: The Bible Acts 19:35; DNO I 2014, 269-271 Endoios no.2; Fleischer 1973, 1-139; Fleischer 1978, 324-341; LiDonnici 1992; Pliny (*Natural History* 16.79.213-214), based on Muscianus; Romano 1980, 236-249; Viviers 1992, 60-62 and 154-155.

⁶ Kroll 1982. On this statue: DNO I 2014, 272-273 Endoios no.3; Meyer 2017a, 147-155.

⁷ Raubitscheck 1949, 495, gives a balanced view of this issue. Athenian: Adornato 2010, 314-317; Boardman 1991, 82; Dickins 1912, 24 note 1. Ionian: Casson 1925, 172; Evridiki 2002 (2008); Stuart Jones 1966, 7 note at the bottom of the page; Viviers 1992, 55-102.

 ⁸ Casson 1925, 166-168; DNO I 2014, 276-277 Endoios no.7; Hochscheid 2015, 179-181; Hurwit 2015, 128-129; *IG* I² 256 no.983; Jeffery 1962, 127 no.[24]; Keesling 1999; Kissas 2000, 71-73 no.42; Philadelpheus 1922, 26-35 pl.7; Raubitschek 1939, 62-67 no.XXX; Viviers 1992, 67-77.
 ⁹ DNO I 2014, 275-276 s.v. Endoios no.6; *IG* I² 256 no.978; Jeffery 1962, 130; Kissas 2000, 66 no.36; Overbeck 1868, 61 no.352; Viviers 1992, 84-90.

¹⁰ Philergos (Philourgos: Andreiomenou 2000) was a pupil of Endoios. DNO I 2014, 278 Endoios no.8; Hochscheid 2015, 181-183; Hurwit 2015, 118-119; *IG* I² 199, no.492; Kissas 2000, 236 no.194; Raubitschek 1949, 12-14 no.7; Viviers 1992, 77-84. This column once carried a small statue.

ACROPOLIS 625: THE ENDOIOS ATHENA

credits Endoios with the ivory cult statue of Athena Alea at Tegea,¹¹ and (7.5.9) a colossal seated wooden cult statue of Athena at Erythrai as well as a series of marble Graces and Seasons set before the same temple.¹²

The Athena dedicated by Kallias is often referred to as the Endoios Athena. Kallias is usually taken to be Kallias (I) son of Phainippos.¹³ But he could have been Kallias son of Hyperochides, father-inlaw of Peisistratos's eldest son Hippias.¹⁴

The Endoios Athena has long been identified with Acropolis Museum inv.625, an innovative Late Archaic seated Athena of *c*. 525 BC (plates 2-12).¹⁵ This badly damaged statue was recovered from the North Slope of the Acropolis at the beginning of the Greek Revolution in *c*. 1821-22 where it had been built into a Late Antique Wall right side up and facing forward as seen in this sketch by Sir William Gell of *c*. 1805-06 first published in 2001 (plate 1,1). Another sketch of the statue was made by Louis-François-Sébastien Fauvel sometime in the late-18th or early-19th century (plate 1,2).¹⁶ Acropolis 625 was not buried in the Persian debris and is a rare example of an Archaic statue that has been on view almost continuously.

Acropolis 625 is one of the most important extant sculptures of the Late Archaic period. It is the earliest surviving Athenian monumental statue of Athena seated, as well as the earliest extant freestanding sculptural example of Athena wearing a gorgoneion on her aegis.¹⁷ Carved in coarse-grained white Parian marble,¹⁸ it introduces strong movement into the staid genre of seated statuary. Movement informs the statue from top to bottom with a lively engaging composition that was in its execution quite complicated.

Despite its fame and significance Acropolis 625 has never been the subject of a detailed study.¹⁹ It appears most often in scholarly literature in brief accounts which by their nature have little to say about it. This book gives for the archaeological record a thorough description and analysis of the statue. Detailed measurements, listed in Part One Chapter III, are provided for the first time and enhance our understanding of it. A reconstruction is suggested. The recent rediscovery of its findspot on the North Slope is revisited with updated and augmented information and new conclusions about its purpose there. And the possible location of the statue in Pausanias's day is addressed.

The earliest known images of the statue are the two sketches mentioned above by Gell and Fauvel (plate 1,1-2). A superb engraving dating from *c*. 1836-37, created for Ludwig Ross's volume two was not published until 1995 (plate 1,3).²⁰ The first published image is a perfunctory engraving by Eduard Gerhard 1842 [1844].²¹ Next, George Scharf Jr published drawings of the statue from three viewpoints in 1851.²² An excellent engraving of a drawing by Eugène Landron appeared in Phillipe

¹¹ DNO I 2014, 273-274 Endoios no.4; Marx 1993, 244-245; Overbeck 1868, 60 no.350; Viviers 1992, 62 and 155-158.

¹² De Waele 1980-1981; Pollitt 1990, 20; Viviers 1992, 56-58. The Seasons may survive. See Izmir Museum inv.5301 and three other korai published by Akurgal 1987, 58 pls.76-77: Herdejürgen 1968, 21; Hermary 1998, 71-74, 67 figs.9a-b; Karakasi 2003, 59-64 pls.54-55.

 ¹³ Davies 1971, 255-256; Jeffery 1976, 96 and 99; RE V, 1905, cols.2553-2554 s.v. Endoios (C. Robert); Shapiro 1989, 26-27; Stewart 1990, 248.
 ¹⁴ Viviers 1992, 66B67. On Kallias son of Hyperochides see Davies 1971, 450.

¹⁵ See, e.g., Baumeister 1885, 338; Bulle 1912, 355-356; Jahn 1866, 1-5; Kastriotis 1895, 26 cat.625; Pittakis 1835, 280-281. In Brunn and Bruckmann 1900, pl.145: >sog. Athene des Endoios.'

 ¹⁶ See: Marx 2001; British Museum, Gell Sketch Book no.8 LB 18. The sketch by Fauvel is in the Bibliothèque nationale de France GB-15
 (D)-BOITE FOL Folio 228. I am grateful to Raphaël Jacob for recently bringing the sketch by Fauvel to my attention (email 29 July 2021).
 ¹⁷ Hartswick 1993, 276; Marx 1993, 266.

¹⁸ Cohen 2010, 749; Milchhöfer 1881, 53; Müller and Schöll 1843, 23 cat.I,3; Scharf Jr 1851, 190. Lepsius 1890, 70 cat.21, refers to it more generically as island marble. The type was determined by macroscopic inspection: Christina Vlassopoulou (email 6 September 2016).

¹⁹ The best accounts are: Brouskari 1974, 71-72; Dickins 1912, 160-163; Franssen 2011, 163-166, 276, 506-507 cat.B129, whom I thank for sending me copies of some of the pages in his book (email 2 December 2020); Langlotz in *AMA* 1939, 109-111; Meyer 2017a, 156-157 pl.606 figs.194-197; Payne in Payne and Young 1936, 46-47 pl.116; Schrader 1909, 44-45; Viviers 1992, 62-67 and 162-169.

²⁰ Volume 2 was meant to go with Ross [1839]. For the first publication of this image see: Junker 1995, 755-756 and 757 fig.1 lower right (fig.1,2). Archive Schaubert B Hansen. I am grateful to Martina Düntzer of the Deutsches Archäologisches Institut in Berlin who scanned this image for me and gave me permission to publish it (email 6 July 2021).

²¹ Gerhard 1842 [1844], pl.1,4 (lower left).

²² Scharf Jr 1851, 193. These were frequently republished: Daremberg and Saglio 1877, vol.1,1 A-B, 102 fig.140; Jahn 1866, pl.1,2-3; Lübke 1863, 90 fig.31; Muller-Dufeu 2002, 142 no.401; Murray 1880, 197 fig.35; Overbeck 1881, 146 fig.24.

Le Bas and H.W. Waddington in *c.* 1877 and 1888 (plate 1,4) and Adolf Boetticher in 1888,²³ and another engraving was published by Maxime Collingnon in 1892.²⁴ Several casts were made from the statue. One was purchased by The Museum of Classical Archaeology at Cambridge University in England on 9 October 1880 and is still on display.²⁵

The best photographs were taken by Hans Schrader at the beginning of the 20th century on glass plates (plates 2-4, 6),²⁶ and by one of the Alinari brothers before 1909 (plate 5).²⁷ The Museum was closed during WWII. Afterward the sculptures were de-restored by Yannis Meliades and restored again in 1953-64.²⁸ Acropolis 625 was displayed at the back center of the fourth room (plate 9,2)²⁹ where she was a focal point. A straight on back-view was taken January 2008 (plate 10,2) when photographs were taken during its removal from the old Acropolis Museum. Once it was ensconced in the new Acropolis Museum I was able to study it carefully in the round (plate 8,2).³⁰

In the following Chapters the terms left and right always refer to the left and right sides of the statue itself unless otherwise specified. AD is not used for dates post AD 1000. Measurements for statues and ceramics are given in centimeters cm unless the total measure is less than one centimeter. In that case they are given in millimeters mm. Measurements for buildings and distances are given in meters m.

²³ Boetticher 1888, 84 fig.31; Le Bas and Waddington [1877], vol.4, pl.2,1; Le Bas and Waddington 1888, pl.2,1.

²⁴ Collignon 1892, 338 fig.169. The artist was either P. Laurent or Faucher-Gudin.

²⁵ Cast collection no.68: http://museum.classics.cam.ac.uk/collections/casts/seated-athena (accessed 6 June 2016); Waldstein 1889, 19 cat.53. My thanks to curator Susanne Turner for providing information and photographs (email 10 May 2019). The cast once in The Museum of Fine Arts in Boston Massachusetts (Robinson 1891, 71 cat.34) was de-accessioned along with their entire cast collection.
²⁶ Schrader 1909, 43 fig.37; Schrader 1913, 24 fig.18. I was fortunate to obtain these photos in the 1990s in B&W printed straight from the

photographic plates which had some damage.

²⁷ This photograph appears in D'Ooge 1909, 101 fig.39.

²⁸ Brouskari 1974, 13-15. On Meliades superb post-war organization of the Acropolis Museum, see Papalexandrou 2016.

²⁹ The entire group can be seen in Trianti 1998, 92-93. Athena is attenuated.

³⁰ The new Acropolis Museum opened in June 2009: Holtzmann 2010; Pandermalis 2016; Tschumi Architects 2009.